



## Abstract

In this research project, we used the PLoS and Semantic MEDLINE outputs in hopes of creating a causal diagram by building a correlation matrix through R and running it through Tetrad, a casual search program.

## Vulvodynia

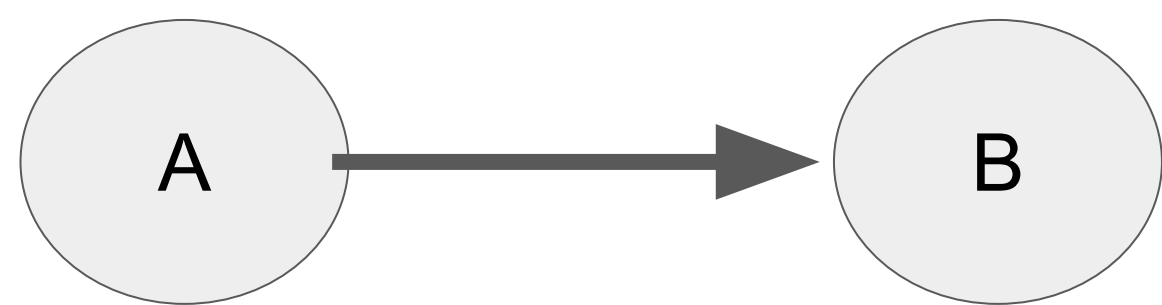
In this research project, we have chosen the topic of vulvodynia, using professor Devavani Chatterjea's research papers as reference.

## Background

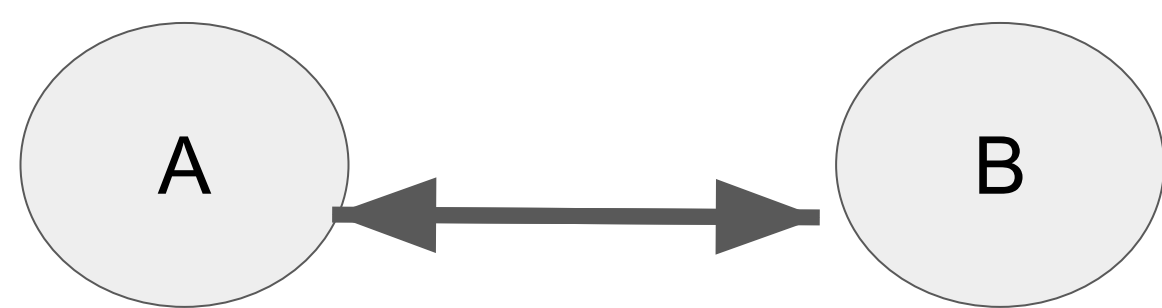
There has been a great amount of research conducted on all sorts of different types of fields. There can be breakthroughs made through casual discovery, where we analyze the observational data from previous experiments and piece together information like a jigsaw puzzle.

## What is a Causal Diagram?

- Huge "cause and effect" diagram
- Nodes (ideas) connected by edges (relationship)
- Since node "A" has an arrow pointed to node "B", A is a direct cause of B.



- Sometimes we are unsure and an arrow could be either way



## Text Mining

**Goal:** To identify Nodes and Edges

- At first we started to used a package in R titled "UDPipe" to text mine Professor Chatterjea's research paper.
- Specifically looked for nodes and edges.
- Wanted in form of noun phrases and association words.

[1] "Allergic sites were characterized by mast cell accumulation, sensory hyper-innervation and infiltration of regulatory CD4+CD25+FoxP3+ T cells as well as localized early **increase** in transcripts encoding Nerve Growth Factor and nerve-mast cell synapse marker Cell Adhesion Molecule 1"

[2] "We previously provided biological plausibility for this **association**, demonstrating that single and triple labial skin exposure to haptens oxazolone in pre-sensitized ND4 Swiss mice led to transient tactile sensitivity and an increase in cutaneous nerve density [9]"

[3]

[1] "mast cell" "sensory hyper" "early increases" "in transcripts" "nerve-mast cell"

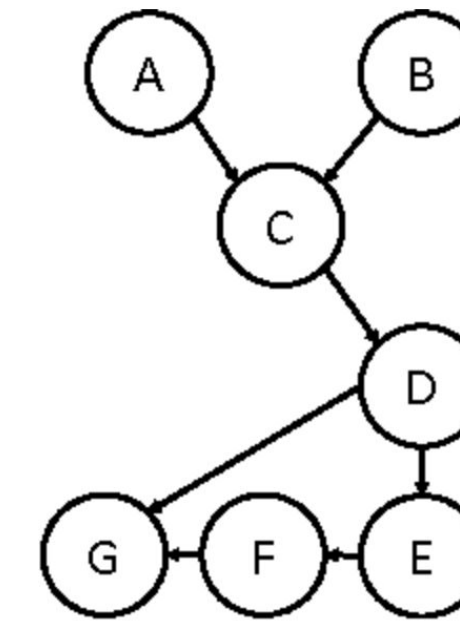
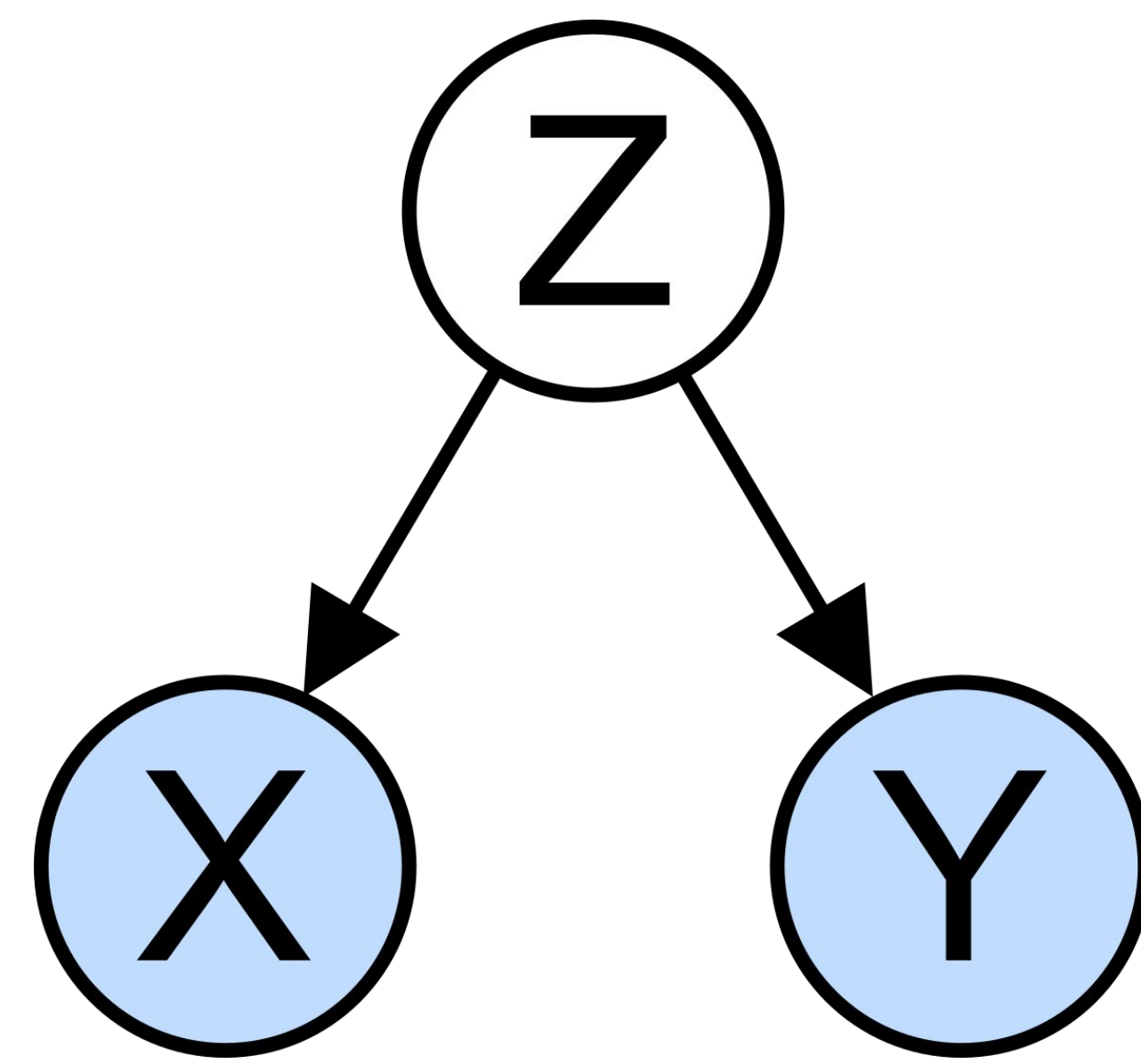
[6] "synapse marker"

[2]

[1] "biological plausibility" "triple labial skin" "haptens oxazolone"

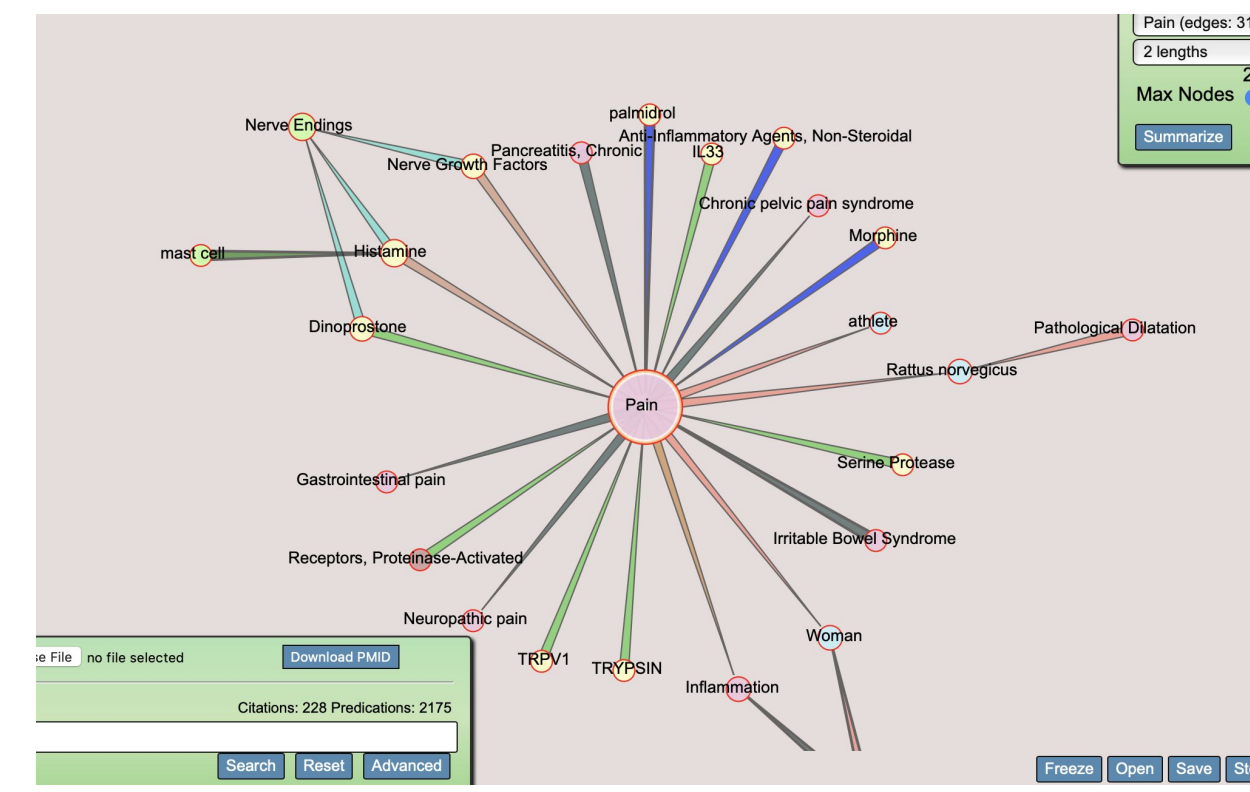
[4] "increase in cutaneous nerve"

# Casual Discovery: Producing a causal diagram in hopes of discovering unnoticed relationships and confounders.

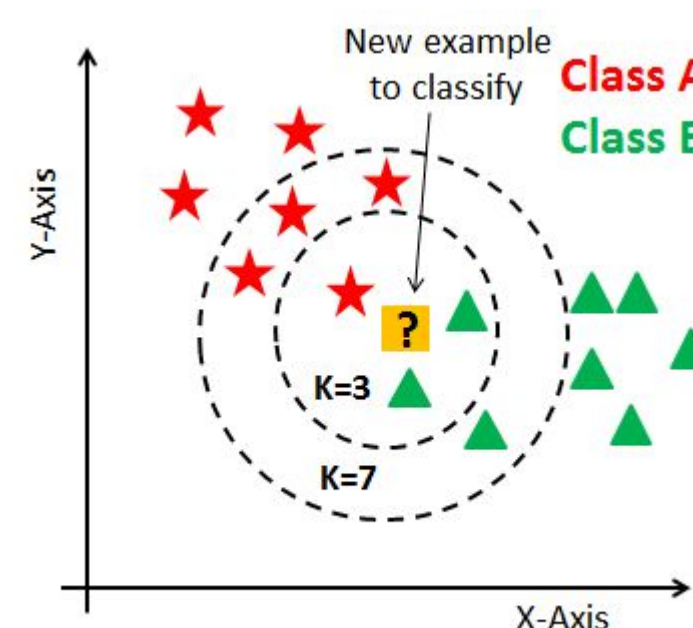


## Semantic MEDLINE

Semantic MEDLINE is an application that uses natural language processing to extract predictions from research titles and abstracts from the Public Library of Science. The predictions come in the form of three words, an object, predicate and subject, and represented in a graph that has variables and links.



Using Chatterjea's keywords, we saved the diagram and, through data cleaning and reorganizing on R, we were able to work with this. There was a total of 4907 cases.



However, the immune regulatory role of TLR4 in AD remains to be defined.

2982395	Vulvodynia	nlm	COEXISTES_WITH	skin disorder	nlm	We advocate that women with symptoms of GVU with or without the presence of labial dermatitis, receive a therapeutic trial with
2712266	SNP rs10586	nlm	INDICATES_WITH	Major Histocompatibility Protein Kinases	nlm	One of 102 SNPs was identified as MHC, a member of the major histocompatibility complex locus as an immunogenetically prone
25568102	Vulvodynia	nlm	PROCESS_OF	Woman	nlm	Women who screened positive for PTSD had more than a two-fold increase in the prevalence of being subdivided (P=0.02, 95% CI
2599982	Vulvodynia	nlm	TREATS	Dermatitis, Allergic Contact	nlm	RESULTS: TSA treatment ameliorated skin lesion severity of DNFB-induced AGD.
2626033	Local anesthetics	nlm	TREATS	Vulvodynia	nlm	MC: Successful therapy of vulvodynia with local anesthetic is rare report.
2654832	Interleukin-1 beta	nlm	TREATS	Mast Cell Biomarkers	nlm	Treatment of rat bone marrow MCs (BMMCs) with PMA-AP also reduced the PMA-AP, IL-1, TNF- $\alpha$ , PGE $_2$ , and tryptase protein and mRNA
2583939	Emoxolon	nlm	TREATS	Vulvodynia	nlm	Emoxolon treatment for vulvodynia is a randomized controlled trial.
2022487	Medication Management	nlm	TREATS	Chronic Pain	nlm	BACKGROUND: Opioid is approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of idiopathic orofacial pain. Long-term use
16432162	IL1RN gene	nlm	ASSOCIATED_WITH	Inflammation	nlm	The present study investigated the role played by C/EBP $\beta$ activity in tissue PMA inhibition and subsequent triggering of CHS.
2954487	Edrophonium	nlm	ASSOCIATED_WITH	Flare-ups	nlm	RESULTS: The prophylactic group treated with other LDMGAs (Evo amine or carbamate) with edrophonium exhibited a significant decrease
2954487	Medication Management	nlm	PROCESS_OF	Woman	nlm	Women with PTSD had higher PMA rates, decreased PMA flexibility and lower PMA relaxation capacity compared with control women

We used UDPipe to annotate the sentence description to count nouns, verbs, etc. We hoped this would help train our machine learning model.

token_id	token	lemma	upos	xpos
1	The	the	DET	DT
2	Role	role	PROPN	NNP
3	of	of	ADP	IN
4	Interleukin	Interleukin	PROPN	NNP
5	-	-	PUNCT	HYPH
6	19	19	NUM	CD
7	in	in	ADP	IN
8	Contact	contact	PROPN	NNP
9	Hypersensitivity	Hypersensitivity	PROPN	NNP
10	.	.	PUNCT	.

## Cases from MEDLINE

**Goal:** Filter out "useless" cases

- When filtering useless cases, we often used the "stringr" package on r.
- We had to reorganize the data.
- Filter mostly by reducing predicates.

29899316|Air Pollutants|hops|PREDISPOSES|Malignant neoplasm of lung|neop|The result showed that the emissions and concentrations of air pollutant were higher in high-risk regions, and the risk of lung cancer was significantly elevated in such area.  
 29883874|Radon|eli|CAUSES|Malignant neoplasm of lung|neop|We systematically reviewed the epidemiologic literature in order to assay the public's understanding about radon and specifically, whether radon is known to cause lung cancer.  
 29883874|Radon|eli|CAUSES|Malignant neoplasm of lung|neop|Of those who have heard about radon, the majority of respondents in many studies did not know that radon causes lung cancer.  
 29883874|Radon|eli|CAUSES|Malignant neoplasm of lung|neop|Specifically, these should emphasize that radon causes lung cancer and that household carbon monoxide detectors do not detect it.  
 29737422|Radon|eli|CAUSES|Malignant neoplasm of lung|neop|Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer after smoking.  
 29869782|Malignant neoplasm of lung|neop|PROCESS\_OF|Workers|hum|For lung cancer, the relative incidence was highest among workers hired in shipbuilding between 1974 and 1984.  
 29743882|Malignant neoplasm of lung|neop|PROCESS\_OF|Workers|hum|Significantly elevated mortality from all causes, cardiovascular disease, non-malignant respiratory disease and lung cancer was observed among silica-exposed workers, while elevated mortality from non-malignant respiratory disease and lung cancer was observed among smokers.

## Assigning Coefficients

- Replace the predicates with predetermined correlation coefficients.
- Again, focused mostly on the sign of correlation (+/-)

```
"COEXISTES_WITH" <- 0.35
"INHIBITS" <- -0.32
"STIMULATES" <- 0.40
"MANIFESTATION_OF" <- 0.25
"PRODUCES" <- 0.38
"PREVENTS" <- -0.29
"DISRUPTS" <- -0.32
"AUGMENTS" <- 0.30
"OCCURS_IN" <- 0.32
```

```
"", "SUB", "PRED", "OB"
"1", "Nifedipine", "-0.29", "Pain"
"2", "Desipramine", "-0.29", "Pain"
"3", "Vulvodynia", "0.35", "Localized pain"
"4", "milnacipran", "-0.29", "Pain"
"5", "Follow-up", "-0.29", "Pain"
"6", "Catechol O-Methyltransferase", "-0.32", "adrenergic system"
"7", "Recombinant Macrophage Inflammatory Protein-2 Alpha", "-0.32", "mast cell"
"8", "mast cell", "0.38", "CCL2 gene"
"9", "KCNN4", "0.3", "mast cell"
"10", "mast cell", "0.38", "Interleukin-13"
```

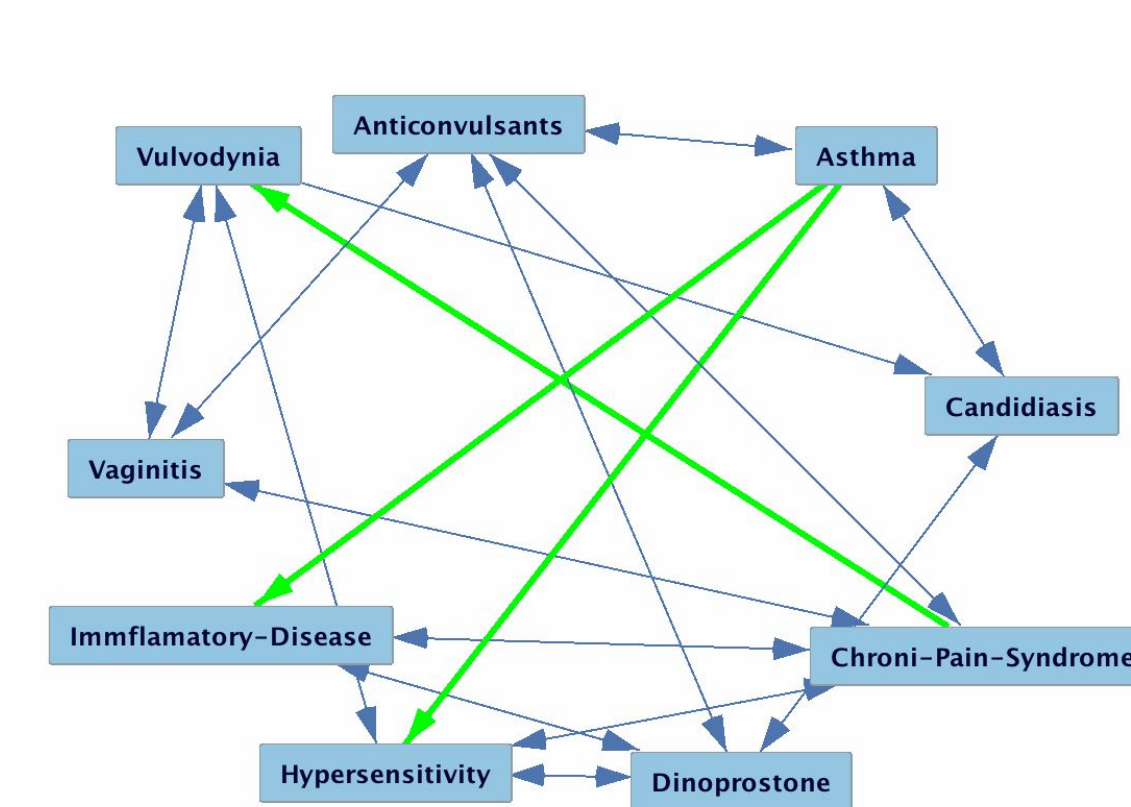
1000	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5	X6
1.0000						
0.0312	1.0000					
-0.5746	0.4168	1.0000				
-0.5996	0.4261	0.9544	1.0000			
0.8691	0.0414	-0.4372	-0.4487	1.0000		
0.6188	0.0427	-0.1023	-0.0913	0.7172	1.0000	

## Tetrad

A casual search program. Our first attempt, we hand composed a correlation matrix.

	Anticonvulsants	Candidiasis	Dinoprostone	Hypersensitivity Asthma	Chronic Pain S	Vulvodynia	Vaginitis	Immflamatory Di	Baclofen
Anticonvulsants	1								
Candidiasis	0	1							
Dinoprostone	0.3	0.3	1						
Hypersensitivity	0.2	0.34	-0.3	1					
Asthma	-0.24	0.31	0	0.4	1				
Chronic Pain Syndromes	-0.4	0.32	0.15	0.41	0.1	1			
Vulvodynia	-0.2	0.5	0	0.5	0	0.6	1		
Vaginitis	0.32	0.35	0.2	0.45	0	0.3	0.6	1	
Inflammatory Disease	0.2	0.31	-0.21	0.4	0.39	0.35	0.32	0.34	1
Baclofen	0.31	0	-0.2	-0.23	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.08	

Above is the input for the tetrad program.



- This chart shows many relationships among variables.
- There is still a good amount of double edges
- This process was not automated, meaning we had to hand make everything by hand.

## Utilizing KNN

- Initially, we hand labeled 100 cases, PC (positively correlated), NC (negatively correlated), U (unknown) or I (incorrect), by reading the abstract of the research paper.
- We were more interested in the direction of the correlation rather than the strength of correlation (whether it was positive or negative)

RELN gene	STIMULATES	Aromatase	Our data provide evidence of a local <b>increase</b> of	PC
Tryptanthrine	INHIBITS	Histamine	Also, TR significantly <b>reduced</b> the serum levels of histamine and IL-4 in the AD model.	NC
histone deacetylase 3	ASSOCIATED_WITH	Dermatitis	We investigated the role of HDAC3 in allergic skin inflammation.	U

Predicted	Observed
PC	NC
NC	NC
PC	PC
U	U
U	NC
PC	NC
I	I
U	PC
NC	U
NC	I
PC	PC
PC	I
NC	PC
PC	NC
PC	I

After working with UDPipe, we used the predicate and number of nouns to see if our model could predict whether it had a correlation or not. We tested the KNN with our 100 hand labeled cases.

- As we can see from the KNN model output, our prediction model is not so accurate.
- Overall on average it resulted in about 47% accuracy.

## Improving Model

- We tried looking for patterns within consecutive nouns
- Looked into cases where we excluded nouns that were left on their own
- We would hope to compile a gigantic list of words that would give us hints in positive or negative association

## Acknowledgement

- Thank you Professor Leslie Myint for the guidance
- Appreciations to Jr. Faculty-Hub Summer Research Fund for funding the project